

















# TE A BLAZE CALL ON THE CODE

Checked by the Fire Department  
ment Last Night

IDE OF THE CITY LIMITS

chry's Home Almost Burned  
Work of the Atlanta Fire Department  
ment in West End.

quite a fire in West End  
but for the Atlanta fire department  
would have run up in the

an elegant home of Mr. Williams  
burned almost to the ground.  
"clock alarm from box 34  
before the alarm was sounded  
to the west showed that some  
burning and was under pro-

ment was out with usual prompt-  
the two-mile run in splendor

found that the fire was in West  
department kept up its gait  
heart of the city.

's residence was a mass  
servants' house behind it  
Houses on either  
caught fire, and  
hard job before them.

to plugs in the city prop-  
begin. In a few minutes the  
night were said.

the servant  
lady gone, and the water  
Dr. Zachry's residence.  
most impossible to extinguish  
it looked a certainty that  
nothing but ashes.

an hour's hard work, the flames  
out. In spite of the fact that  
great start on the department  
use was saved, and the damage  
little over three thousand dol-

grant home, the house recently  
handsonely furnished, and  
much of it brought forth heart-  
of joyner and his men.

spreading rapidly when the  
fire, and but for them several  
would have undoubtedly been  
Zachry's loss is covered by the

he made against the Central  
moving a freight train over  
cutting it in two, and com-  
made against a hackman's  
section. It was out of the city  
department turned out, and  
being a disastrous fire, and  
er did better work in sleep-

OUR NOTEBOOK.

The novel sight in Atlanta  
of a plow handle may soon  
book, who attends to the animal  
that Clio, the elephant, keeps  
ill-tempered dyspeptic will  
recommends her use by some-  
A. Couch, who lives at Con-

er—Mr. Alston M. Law, who  
of the most popular and trust-  
of the John Silver & Co. house,  
a daughter—a bright, pretty

Baptist Meetings—Seldom if  
aggregations assemble in West  
attending the series of meetings  
the West End Baptist church,  
led by Rev. F. C. McConnell,  
at, who is well known as one  
at and forcible presences in the

interest is manifested in these  
interest increases with each

pass by the church door, and  
minutes' ride from the central  
nodal invitation is extended to  
meetings, and they may feel  
will be highly entertained and  
the time and trouble of at-

ed—San Jones will not speak  
bright, as announced.  
all are conducting a meeting  
of Montgomery, and dislike  
stage of the meeting.  
here postponing the speak-

—Yesterday afternoon Mr. W.  
L. DeGivie and several other  
amusement hall in the top floor  
of the Christian Association.  
completed, the finest concert  
Atlanta. Mr. DeGivie pre-  
sented in about two months.

emen—Today at 10 o'clock  
and new men who want to act  
the exposition will be ex-  
commissioners in the coun-  
men are to be elected, and  
giving order the crowd to be

Memory—Mr. J. C. Kimball  
ing members of the Northern  
was deeply depressed by the  
next meeting of the associa-  
will be presented and

Quickly Enough—The  
monument is progressing  
the last stone will be  
layer of granite has been  
workmen will have to go  
giving or be delayed until

WILL DRILL.

ed, as there is no more  
force.

force has been divided  
es, and will be regularly  
actics for several weeks.  
dically, and it is a splendid

order to this effect was  
ay, and at the same  
out that the reserve  
abolished until the  
stopped.

was highly pleasing to  
couldn't restrain a cheer  
read out.

ness Is Sometimes In-  
punishment.

oved by a Sincere Regard  
Fellow Men, stopped to  
the sidewalk, but slipped  
breaking his Leg. He is  
with the injured member  
is longing to recover from  
Kick himself all Over  
these Wrench who threw  
goes About the Street  
throwing More Bananas

OTHER REPORT

umber 22.—Forecast for  
clear; variable winds

RESERVATIONS.

ber 23, 7 a. m.—Barometer,  
lowpoint, 58; wind, north-  
e, 8; temperature, 52; dew-

9; velocity, 5; rainfall,  
0; minimum temperature,

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## CALL ON THE CODE

Be Made Today in the Fleming-  
Baldwin Matter.

PROGRESS OF THE CONTROVERSY

These Two Members of the  
House—Matters Suspended Until  
10 O'clock Today.

appears that the controversy between  
M. A. Baldwin, of Randolph, and Hon-  
M. Fleming, of Richmond, may assume  
shape, and that an appeal to the code  
may be made.

The friends of both parties interested  
themselves all day yesterday in endeavoring  
to bring about an amicable adjustment, but  
the matter was in the same shape last night  
as it was yesterday morning, with the ex-  
ception that Mr. Fleming had chosen his  
house to act for him until the arrival of a  
friend from Augusta, who had been tele-

graphed for.

Mr. Howard Williams is Mr. Fleming's  
representative, and when the house ad-  
journed yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock,  
Mr. Williams was there with a formal  
note to Dr. Baldwin, in which, in the  
language of the code, an apology was asked  
for the language of Dr. Baldwin in calling  
Mr. Fleming "a scoundrel and a puppy" in  
the debate on the tax bill in the house on  
Tuesday.

The note was not delivered, but Mr.  
Williams was only prevented from doing so  
by a request from two of Dr. Baldwin's  
friends, whom he had chosen to represent  
him in a committee of his own, looking to  
an amicable settlement of the affair. These  
two friends, Mr. Kennon, of Barren,  
and Mr. Hagan, of Lowndes, hearing that  
Mr. Williams was ready to deliver the  
note to Dr. Baldwin, asked that no further  
step be taken until 10 o'clock this morning,  
in the hope that a further conference  
might bring about a settlement without  
having recourse to the necessity of going to  
the extreme of an appeal to the code.

Mr. Williams consented to withhold the  
note until 10 o'clock this morning.

Unless something is done between now  
and that time it seems certain that the  
first step will be taken on the line indi-

What Was Done Yesterday.

As soon as the house met yesterday morning  
heads of Dr. Baldwin and of Mr. Fleming  
began to confer with a hope of bringing about  
satisfactory adjustment. Two well-known  
gentlemen went to Dr. Baldwin and earnestly  
advised him to withdraw the harsh language  
which he had used against Mr. Fleming. He  
was unwilling to do so unless Mr. Fleming  
made a statement to the house in his re-  
marks of the day before he had not intended  
him in the attitude of making this market  
in matter of state expenditures, it should not  
be the first distinctive alliance legis-

lation in the tax rate of the state.

Mr. Fleming's Position.

Mr. Fleming, cool and resolute, stated to  
his friends that he saw no necessity for the ap-  
pointment of any committee on his part, as  
what he had said had not exceeded the  
bounds of parliamentary ethics. He could do  
nothing until the violent and harsh language  
of Dr. Baldwin had been withdrawn. His  
language above quoted was nothing more  
than an argument in the expression of his  
views, and an appeal to the alliance of the  
house to carry out one of their cardinal  
principles, in which, he had stated in his talk,  
he was willing to co-operate with them. He  
had made an appeal for low taxes, and had said  
nothing in his remarks that could justly be  
considered as a reflection on the alliance, and  
many of the alliance members of the house  
had told him. For this reason he was un-  
willing to put himself in the position of an  
apologist when he had no cause for apology,  
and particularly so when he was acting under  
the severe imputation of the language of Dr.  
Baldwin.

Dr. Baldwin's Stand.

Dr. Baldwin was again approached, and a  
number of the members of the house went to  
him with the request that he first withdraw  
his violent language against Mr. Fleming, and  
with the assurance that that obstacle being re-  
moved, Mr. Fleming was willing to do any-  
thing within reason to settle the matter.

Dr. Baldwin could not see it in that way,  
and would not apologize for his language. He  
argued that what he did say was based on the  
idea that Mr. Fleming had intentionally cast  
a slur on the alliance before his harsh lan-  
guage had been used. Should he state that such  
was not his intention, he would be willing to re-  
tract his language.

Thus the matter rested until the afternoon  
session, when friends, seeing that he would not  
retract, persuaded Dr. Baldwin to leave his  
part of the affair to a committee of his own  
selection, which would consider the matter  
and advise him what to do.

Dr. Baldwin consented to this arrangement,  
and appointed Messrs. Hagan, Kennon and  
Thornmont, of Wayne, three close friends, and  
all active alliance men.

In Conference.

These three gentlemen met at 3 o'clock, and  
continued in session for two hours, several  
mutual friends of Mr. Fleming and Dr.  
Baldwin going before them, and urging that  
Dr. Baldwin, having first made use of insulting  
language toward Mr. Fleming, should with-  
draw such language, and that Mr. Fleming  
would be ready to promptly accept the same,  
and make a statement disavowing any such  
intention as was attributed to him by Dr.  
Baldwin.

Indeed, Mr. Fleming did not hesitate to say  
during the day in conversing with his friends  
that nothing was further from his intention  
than to make any reflection on the alliance.

What he had said was simply in the course of  
his remarks, and was really intended as a  
compliment to its purpose of reform and the  
reduction of expenditures. As it was not his  
purpose to reflect on the alliance, he was un-  
willing to take the first step as an apologist for  
such language.

Dr. Chappell Called In.

After a conference of about an hour, during  
which time not much progress had been made,  
it was suggested that Dr. Chappell, of  
Laurens, a devoted alliance man, be called in  
and asked for his opinion in the premises.

The doctor soon came and did not hesitate  
to suggest that in his opinion it would be  
proper for Dr. Baldwin to first withdraw his  
violent language of personal aspersion against  
Mr. Fleming, and that then Mr. Fleming  
should disclaim any intention of reflecting on  
the alliance or Dr. Baldwin if he chose to do so.

"Up to the time that Dr. Baldwin's harsh  
language was used," said Dr. Chappell, "the

discussion was within the rules of parlia-  
mentary debate, and was not insulting."

Dr. Chappell then withdrew, and Dr. Bal-  
dwin's friends continued the discussion.

Mr. Thornton finally asked to be excused  
from the committee, and Messrs. Hagan and  
Kennon continued. They were both of the  
opinion that Mr. Fleming should take the first  
step, and matters were in this shape at the  
time of adjournment of the afternoon session.

Mr. Williams and His Note.

When the committee emerged from its con-  
ference Mr. Williams, who had been present  
awaiting its decision, was ready to deliver Mr.  
Fleming's note to Dr. Baldwin. He had  
withheld it until 5 o'clock in hope that a set-  
tlement would be reached before adjournment,  
and that Dr. Baldwin would make a state-  
ment to the house, withdrawing his abusive  
language against Mr. Fleming.

When 5 o'clock approached, and the house  
adjourned, Mr. Williams thought that he had  
withheld the matter as long as he could.

Messrs. Hagan and Kennon had asked for  
more time, and when they were asked for  
Mr. Williams's presence they went to him with  
the request that any step in the nature of a  
correspondence be withheld until this morn-  
ing at 10 o'clock in the hope that something  
might be done in the meantime to arrest such  
a course.

"Do you make this request as the friend of  
Dr. Baldwin?" said Mr. Williams, and on  
being affirmatively answered, he replied that  
the matter would stop where it was until 10  
o'clock this morning, at their request.

And so the matter stands.

It is hard to predict the outcome.

Gossip About It.

The trouble was generally discussed by the  
members of the house yesterday, and every-  
member earnestly hopes that an amicable ad-  
justment will be reached today.

A great many members of the alliance did  
not consider that Mr. Fleming's remarks were  
in the slightest intended as a reflection on the  
order, and thought that Dr. Baldwin's con-  
struction was unfounded.

Mr. Sibbey, of Cobb, in speaking of the  
matter, said: "I am sure that Mr. Fleming  
had no such intention, and the alliance mem-  
bers of the house do not so consider it. Indeed,  
he prided rather than censured the alliance. I  
look upon him as one of our strongest friends  
outside of the order, and certainly admire him  
for his manliness and his coolness. Dr. Bal-  
dwin is also a man of courage, and I hope on  
reflection that he will withdraw his harsh  
personal language against Mr. Fleming."

An amusing feature of the whole case is in  
the fact that Dr. Baldwin, in talking up the  
matter to his friends, does not hesitate to pay  
high tribute to Mr. Fleming's ability and to  
express his high admiration for him as a man.  
Mr. Fleming also expresses his admiration for  
his references to Dr. Baldwin.

Dr. Baldwin admits that his language was  
severe then he intended to use, and the only  
question now at stake is, as to who shall make  
the first apology.

Today Will Tell.

The matter will probably reach a climax  
today. It is sincerely to be hoped that a sat-  
isfactory explanation will be made this morn-  
ing, and it is but a fair surmise to expect that  
the settlement of the house to say that Dr. Bal-  
dwin's friends, of whom there are many in the  
house, think that as a man of courage and  
bravery he should not hesitate to withdraw the  
harsh language used against Mr. Fleming, which  
was really the first insult that was  
passed. Such a course would settle the whole  
matter without compromising him in the  
slightest, and he would be heartily applauded  
by the house.

Will he do it?

HAVE YOU A DIME?

If So, Have It Ready, for It Will Soon Be  
Called For.

If you have a dime you do not wish you can  
get rid of it.

That is, if the opportunity has not already  
been offered.

Banks, banks, banks. It is all the school  
boys are thinking of dreaming of now.

It was once important to learn how Connect-  
icut was bounded, but now dimes are the thing.

Fifty they must each have and the man who is  
fortunate enough not to meet him is a  
pretty, laughing possessor, was born lucky.

"Please, won't you give me a dime?"

For three days this has been the scene en-  
counter, with a thousand bright school misses  
in the center. It is the project of some fertile  
brain, that needed to originate a way to raise  
\$5,000 for the hospital. The young men about  
town, who formerly gladly met these girls  
who tripped home from school, now walk the  
other side or sink into a byway. Old men  
look back at the time when they were dodging  
creditors, and declare it is hard to tell which  
is the more difficult of the two.

Who can decline to please this noble band  
of little workers, as they go about anxious to  
gather their fifty dimes, fill their bank, and re-  
turn it to "teacher" first? What matters it if  
you have given to twenty others? It is just a  
little dime!

And just so many of those little dimes will  
build one-twentieth of the hospital.

TO ORGANIZE A BANK.

The Grocers of Atlanta Have That Aim in  
View.

The grocers of Atlanta want a bank of their  
own.

They have now actively at work ascertaining  
the advisability of organizing one.

The grocer association held a meeting at  
the Chamber of Commerce on Tuesday night.

The matter of starting a bank came up for dis-  
cussion. Fully fifty grocers were present and  
the sentiment seemed pretty generally in favor  
of it.

A committee of nine was appointed, with  
Mr. C. J. Kampfer as chairman, which will  
procure a charter in a few days, and then start  
to work to see if enough stock can be sub-  
scribed for opening the bank. If the prospects  
are in the least encouraging, the bank will be  
a fact.

The Canning Manufacturing Company  
plan is in statu quo. The chances  
of its being started are not as  
bright as those more actively interested would  
care to see it. Three acres of ground have  
been offered seven miles up the Georgia road  
and other inducements will no doubt tend to  
sit up more work in behalf of the industry.

The organizing of a bank, would, it is  
thought, solve this problem.

HE WASN'T SATISFIED.

So Judge Calhoun Trebled the First Fine  
Imposed.

Wilson Square is a negro, arrested a few  
nights since for disorderly conduct, and being  
absent the next morning this was taken in pay-  
ment of the fine. He declared that he was  
absent through mistake, and raising a big  
hullabaloo, demanded a trial. He declared  
that the policeman who arrested him was  
drunk, and that his arrest was a grave in-  
justice.

Yesterday a trial was given him. As a re-  
sult the fine was changed from \$5.75 to \$15.75.

The negro didn't get much satisfaction, but  
paid his fine without much grumbling, a clear  
case having been made against him by his own  
witnesses.

Death of a Child.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Mueller  
died at their home on Jackson street early yester-  
day morning. In the loss of their bright little  
one, the parents have the sincerest sympathy of  
many friends.

The child was laid to rest at Westview yester-  
day afternoon at 3 o'clock.

A Child's Death.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Robert H.  
Hoffman died at their home yesterday morning.  
The funeral will take place this morning. Inter-  
ment at Westview.

Will Sue the Lessees.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., September 22.—[Special.]—  
Another suit that will test the validity of the  
convict lease system and the rights of the lessees  
to work convict outside the state prison was  
brought today by Eliza Gibson, of Jackson county,  
who wants \$50,000 damages from the Tennessee  
Coal, Iron and Railroad Company, for the killing  
of her husband, who was trying to escape from  
the company's mines.

## CAPTAIN ENGLISH

Replies to the Card of President Hurt, of  
the Consolidated.

A SPICY PRESENTATION OF FACTS

Which Led Up to the Recent Order of  
President Hurt, Prescribing How Po-  
lice-men Shall Dress for Free Rides.

Captain James W. English furnishes the  
following reply to the card of President Joel  
Hurt, of the Consolidated:

EDITOR CONSTITUTION—I feel called upon to say  
something more in reply to President Hurt's card  
published in Tuesday's paper. The case is: "The  
Police Force of Atlanta vs. the Consolidated Street  
Railway Company." Mr. Hurt says: "That my  
interview in Sunday's paper contained various  
misrepresentations." I have reviewed everything  
that I said in that interview, and cannot detect a  
single misrepresentation made by me in that  
article, and I now call upon President Hurt to  
point out the misstatements he alludes to.

When he does, if there is any question of ve-  
racity raised between him and myself, I am per-  
fectly willing for the public to decide which one  
of us has been guilty of misrepresentation.

Among other things he says: "That I accused  
him of offering special privilege to the police-  
men doing duty at Inman Park." If I did not do  
so in the article referred to, I do now accuse him  
of it, and that accusation is based upon Officer  
Whitely's report, as he had offered him free trans-  
portation, and denied it to the other officers doing  
business in citizen's clothing.

He further states "that the Consolidated Street  
Railway Company has been guilty of a gross  
violation of the law." This I deny most emphatically,  
and I charge that he not only refuses to extend this  
courtesy on such terms as the police department  
may accept, but that he denies the officers a courtesy  
which has been extended to them for over nine  
street cars have been used in Atlanta.

President Hurt also charges that I seek to  
create a prejudice against his company by the use  
of such terms as "monopoly" and his bringing up  
of men and women from Boston and other cities to  
be used as detectives on his street car line. I can  
only say in reply, that if this proved hurtful to  
Mr. Hurt, or his company, he should not have  
done so, and I certainly had no such purpose in  
mind when I made that statement. I wish both  
President Hurt and his monopoly all the success  
they deserve. If I entertained enmity to-  
wards either, I would let him alone, for he is  
jumping so high just now that he is likely to do  
the work of an enemy himself.

He claims that what I have said in print has  
met with such general disapproval that he deems  
further traveling on his cars has struck the gen-  
eral public a severe blow through the police de-  
partment in crippling their usefulness and ability  
to reach all parts of the city in the shortest  
time, and thus inflicting serious injury on all  
classes of our people. He has taken from them  
without cause, a privilege that they have enjoyed  
in Atlanta for many years in setting up an arbi-  
trary rule that they must pay their street car fare  
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without cause, a privilege that they have enjoyed  
in Atlanta for many years in setting up an arbi-  
trary rule that they must pay their street car fare  
when traveling on his cars has struck the gen-  
eral public a severe blow through the police de-  
partment in crippling their usefulness and ability  
to reach all parts of the city in the shortest  
time, and thus inflicting serious injury on all  
classes of our people. He has taken from them  
without cause,







## ATLANTA PLATFORM.

Resolution Endorsing It Introduced in the House.

WILL BE ACTED ON LATER.

Williams Jury Bill Lost, but Will Be Reconsidered Today—The Bills That Were Passed.

The Ocala resolution was introduced in the House yesterday.

The author is Mr. Barrett, of Pike.

The resolution is the alliance yardstick, and the legislation by the years and days will go on record.

The year was —; the days were —. To the resolution was —. Those voting 'aye' were —. Those voting 'no' were —.

That is the way it will show up after the trial is over, except that those blanks will be filled in. That page of the journal will be frequently consulted and referred to in the politics of this and next year.

The resolution is: Resolved by the House, the Senate concurring, that the platform of principles as set forth by the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union of the United States at St. Louis and re-affirmed at Georgia and that our representatives in Congress of United States Congress and United States Senate be instructed to use all their power and influence in securing to the citizens of the United States legislation in conformity with the demands contained in the platform.

Whether the United States Congress not obstruct us on side issues.

The resolution went to the committee on the state of the republic.

There was a fight on this.

The opponents of this resolution favored this action by Mr. Atkinson, of Georgia. The friends of the resolution opposed it, as a general thing, preferring a motion by Dr. Baldwin of Randolph, that the resolution be acted on at once.

The vote was 81 to 63.

There was first blood for the anti-Ocala side. The Ocala side scored a majority.

It was on a motion by Mr. Sibley, of Cobb, to instruct the committee to report the bill back tomorrow.

There was considerable discussion over this. The motion was finally adopted—69 to 56.

The vote yesterday afternoon was probably more accurate test than the other of the platform of the house for and against the Ocala platform.

This resolution by Mr. Martin, of Fulton, was adopted.

Resolved, That the use of the hall of the House of Representatives be allowed the Virginia Society of Students on January 19, 1892, for the purpose of celebrating the birthday of Robert E. Lee.

The finance committee bill "to authorize the governor and treasurer to issue bonds and to pay with which to pay off an amount of the public debt maturing in 1892" was passed. It provides that on or after the 1st of January, 1892, the governor and treasurer shall be authorized and directed to issue negotiable bonds in the amount of \$207,000 for the purpose of \$1,000, and on maturity on the 1st of January, 1892, and bear interest at a rate not exceeding 4 per cent, payable semi-annually, etc.

Another finance committee bill "to amend an act entitled an act to create a sinking fund to pay off and retire bonds of this state as they mature, in accordance with act 7, section 14, paragraph 1 of the constitution, by the levy and collection of a tax thereon," etc., was passed.

The bill as amended provides that the amount so raised in each of the years shall be applied to the payment of the bonds of the state as they mature, as follows:

One hundred thousand dollars raised in '91, shall be applied to the payment of the bonds maturing July 1, 1892, and the \$100,000 raised in '92 shall be applied to the payment of the bonds maturing in '93. If the bonds of '93 cannot be purchased at par, the \$100,000 raised in '92 may be loaned at a rate not less than 4 per cent—in which case the interest accruing shall be paid, with the principal, on the bonds to which it is applied. The bonds taken as collateral from any applicant negotiating said loan with the state shall receive as an advancement thereon any sum in excess of the par value of the same, and in the contract of loan a general or special power of the governor and treasurer shall be expressed to sell the same upon default, either at public or private sale, and the governor and the treasurer shall have the right to purchase the same.

Other Bills Passed.

By Mr. Monroe of Calhoun—To provide for the protection of fish in the fresh waters of this state. A motion to indefinitely postpone was made and the bill passed, 91 to 45.

By Mr. Sears of Webster—To make the sheriff and clerks of the several counties where county courts have been, or may be established, ex-officio clerks and sheriffs of said county court. This was a special order. The vote was 91 to 2.

By Mr. Ware of Fayette—To authorize and empower the governor to cause to be paid to the widow or dependent children of deceased Confederate soldiers the pensions due said soldiers respectively at the time of their death.

By Mr. Payne of Union—To prevent the shooting of fish or fishing in the waters of Upper county except Flint river.

By Mr. Martin of Fulton—To make the first Monday in September a legal holiday to be known as Labor Day.

These Were Lost.

An important bill was lost yesterday and will be reconsidered today. It is by Mr. Williams, of Richmond, to amend article 6, section 16, paragraph 4 of the constitution. It was taken up by special order. The paragraph as amended reads as follows:

The right of trial by jury, except where it is provided in this constitution, shall be inviolate, but the general assembly may prescribe any number not less than five to constitute a jury in cases involving the title to land, and in all cases, except as in all civil cases in the superior and city courts of this state, three-fourths or more of the jurors in said cases may render a verdict.

The bill required 117 votes.

It had 103, against 20.

Jury Bill.

Mr. Williams argued at length the constitutional feature of the bill. He said the constitution would have to be amended, for in every constitution the jury trial contemplated in them since 1789 and before was that the jury should unanimously agree to a verdict. He cited a long line of decisions, and concluded with the decision of Judge Nisbet, of the supreme court, who said that the jury trial features of a jury trial in this state was that the twelve should agree, "however unwise the majority might be." He also cited Judge Cooley's constitutional limitations, who said one of the incidents of common law trial by jury was unanimity, though he thought the rule unwisely and contrary to all reason and human experience, giving these reasons:

1. Mr. Williams contended that one man should not be given the power to dominate seven others, who were 11 to 1 presumed to be right, and he elaborated this point with many illustrations, calling attention to the fact that under the English system the judge could haul the jury around in a cart from one court of assize to another until they did agree, while our judges have no such power; hence the pregnancy of mistrials.

2. Our present jury system brings the courts into disrepute by frequent mistrials. That mistrial added litigants to get speedy justice, benefited the courts, the people and the bar.

3. The tremendous cost to the taxpayers of the state by mistrials and the expense of the jury system, which has accumulated in court costs, besides a laborious trial and attorneys' fees, and the court and litigants would have to go over all this again, with possibly the same result. Many other cases were cited.

4. The jury now halloo on verdicts, without

the one obtaining a jury to be governed by eleven others. So the change would not be so radical after all.

5. In other countries in continental Europe all civil cases are submitted to the judge with the facts.

6. The bill was in accord with democratic institutions. A majority of votes elected legislators, congressmen and senators. A two-thirds vote of the senate of the United States could impeach a president, or of the state senate a governor. A majority of judges of the supreme court of the United States or of the state supreme court could render a decision. Why should rights before a jury be more sacred than before these high courts of last resort?

7. The bill interfered with none of the great precedents and of the wisdom of the law; it was merely a shorter way to a result in procedure. This point was elaborated.

8. The Georgia Bar Association, after Mr. Peabody's able paper, desired the bill. The committee on remedial procedure of the American Bar Association recommended it. He then referred to many letters from able judges in the state who desired it.

9. He showed this to be one of the most important measures before the house, and read numerous authorities that sustained his views, such as Forsyth, on "Jury Trials," and others.

The "dog law," by Mr. Graves, of Newton, was killed yesterday.

It was lost once and reconsidered. The vote yesterday was 75 to 68.

An important temperance measure was one by Mr. Johnson, of Dodge, which came up yesterday on its third reading, and was lost. It provides that "a revenue license issued by the federal government shall be prima facie evidence that the person or persons to whom issued deals either in person or by agent, in the sale of spirituous or malt liquors, and the said license shall be so received in evidence upon the trial of any person for indictment for the violation of any law forbidding the sale or furnishing of spirituous or malt liquors; but said prima facie evidence may be rebutted by competent legal proof, as in other cases."

The year was 85, and the days 30.

The bill will probably be reconsidered.

And This Was Tabled.

The bill to amend the appropriation act of last year—in the paragraph of section 4 relating to public schools—was tabled.

It proposes to strike from that paragraph property for the year 1891 and for the year 1892 prove to be greater than \$415,000,000, then and in that case the sums arising from the general tax levy upon said returns of taxable property in excess of \$415,000,000 is hereby appropriated to the common school fund of the state, in addition to \$500,000 by this act for the years 1891 and 1892, and in addition to the moneys appropriated under existing laws to the common school fund."

THE SENATE.

The Bill to Impound for Non-Payment of Debts Defeated.

The bill to make penal the non-compliance of laborers and others with their contracts where advances have been made them, failed to pass. It was defeated by a vote of 18 to 21.

The bill was vigorously pummeled by the best orators of the senate. Its iniquities were thoroughly exposed, and then it was voted down. But the margin was close.

The vote stood 19 to 21.

Mr. Canine opened the discussion in a short, concise and strong speech against the bill, saying that he would gladly support the same if he could do so, but being satisfied beyond a doubt that the bill is unconstitutional he could not do so.

The first section, seeking to make it penal for laborers obtaining advances of money, clothing or provisions upon a contract of labor to be performed and failing to render the service, is but another name for imprisonment for debt.

The second section, which makes it penal for an employer to fail to pay an employee for labor performed, whether for a day, a week, a month or year is still more clearly unconstitutional.

The provision of the first section, if the bill is constitutional, would render it very difficult of enforcement.

The bill, if enacted into a law, would be more prolific of indictments and prosecutions than the whole of the penal code of Georgia.

It would be a bill eminently beneficial to lawyers, and detrimental to farmers and laborers.

Senator Walker argued briefly for the bill, declaring it to be a just and fair measure to all parties concerned.

Senator Callaway, the handsome, dapper and eloquent young senator from Burke, came in next with a splendid argument against the bill—an argument which was listened to attentively by every senator on the floor—and even held the close attention of the galleries.

"Much to my surprise," said Mr. Callaway, "there seems to be a disposition on the part of the senate to consider this bill seriously. The bill is unconstitutional. It is class legislation. It violates that clause of the constitution which says, 'There shall be no imprisonment for debt.'"

"Just at this time our whole people have been stirred up by class legislation, and here we are endeavoring to repeat such acts. To pass this bill you place the thumb-screw of oppression in the hands of one class to be tightened upon laborers. Are you going to say: In the state of Georgia there shall be imprisonment for debt. If you pass this bill your courts will hold the case."

He hope the senators are not serious in wanting to pass this bill. It is an insult to the progress of the age.

"Here we stand, crying out against the monopoly of Wall street, and still we are attempting to oppress those below us."

Senator Callaway's speech carried the senate with it, and the bill was voted down, defeated by a vote of 19 to 21.

Mr. Fleming's house resolution for the appointment of a joint committee to find out why the senate committee on public schools has not acted on the two general educational bills passed by the house was non-concurred in.

This means that the senate is determined to stand by its bill which the senators claim amends both the house bills, and the bill, and it is now pending in the house.

A bill to extend the time to the 1st of May for driving cattle across certain lines in White county was passed.

New Senate Bills.

New bills were introduced in the senate yesterday as follows:

By Mr. Terrell—To incorporate the Woodbury Banking Company.

By Mr. Terrell—For the protection of the capital building, empowering the janitor and watchman to make arrests in certain cases.

By Mr. Williams—Amending the charter of the town of Tybee.

By Mr. McRae—To incorporate the town of Milan, in the counties of Telfair and Dodge.

Trail Wrote Them Up.

SANDERSVILLE, GA., September 23.—[Special.]—Before leaving for the Dade coal mines John R. Trail, who was given a life sentence for murder, wrote a lengthy letter to the Georgia State Prison, in which he brings up the fact that he had been confined for the past six months, and if half of the charges which he brings against the jailer of that county are true, he should be removed from the position.

Sleeplessness, nervous prostration, nervous dyspepsia, indigestion, biliousness, opium habit cured by Dr. Miller's Nervine. Samples free at drugists, by mail 10c. MRS. MRS. C. E. L. HART, IND.

Diamonds and watches are our specialties and we have what you wish in this line. Males & Berkeley, 25 Whitehall st. sep23 sun sat 10c

Mrs. Demore's Portfolio of Fashions and what to wear for the fall and winter of 1891 and '92. Price, 25 cents; by mail, 30 cents. For sale by John M. Miller, Madison square, opens here.

Be sure and see Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while visiting. 25 cents. Fine watch and jewelry repairing. The large—MRS. J. B. BERRY, 25 Whitehall st. sep23 sun sat 10c

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## A LOVE LETTER

Which Was Too Gushing to Suit a Husband.

MR. McMILLAN'S ANSWER TO HIS WIFE.

The Wife Sues for a Divorce on the Ground of Inebriety, and He Responds That She Was Too Irresponsible.

Smilingly told Honnie McMillan, a comely and blushing young woman, and her handsome and well-preserved husband, James McMillan, launch their lifeboat on the sea of matrimony. Their nuptials were solemnized in the presence of many admiring friends and well-wishers, who said:

"Here is a fit union of two loving hearts."

"This is a happy couple—a well-matched pair."

"In their case marriage will not be a failure."

And there were many other such optimistic prognostications.

The husband was considerably older than the wife, it is true; but then the difference in age was beautifully bridged by an ebullient love on the one side and an implicit trust on the other.

Mrs. McMillan, to the surprise of a good many of her friends, declared that her married life was not so happy as she had fondly anticipated. The links in the marriage chain began to gall her and she became petulant and discontented. Her rosy cheeks lost some of their color, and her manners became constrained, and her step lost its elasticity. Her anxious friends observed these symptoms with alarm, and ascribed her depressed spirits to illness, but the young wife asserted that she was perfectly well.

Finally it transpired that her husband was treating her cruelly; that he had become addicted to drink and his love for the cup grew stronger than his love for his wife.

She was prevailed to seek a separation from her husband and she importuned the court to nullify the marriage and give her a divorce.

In her libel for a divorce she alleged that her husband was an habitual drunkard and sometimes maltreated her; that he was inordinately jealous, and instead of making her life happy rendered it miserable. She also urged incompatibility of dispositions and un congenial temperaments as grounds for a divorce. Her libel was duly filed in the superior court of Fulton county.

Her husband was duly served with notice of his wife's proceedings, and he determined to contest her libel for divorce. He indignantly repelled the charges of drunkenness and cruelty his wife alleged in her complaint, and he resolved to vindicate himself before the courts and hold fast to his loved if not loving helpmeet.

He recounted in plaintive accents his grievances and besought his wife to withdraw her petition. She was obstinate.

"I am determined to get a divorce," she exclaimed, "if there is any law in Atlanta. My marriage is a dismal failure, and I want it annulled by the court."

"If you get the divorce, will you ever marry again?" asked one of her friends.

"I cannot say," naively replied the unhappy wife.

Yesterday morning the respondent, through his attorneys, Messrs. Arnold & Arnold, filed an answer to Mrs. McMillan's libel for divorce. It is in rich dramatic drawing, in that masterly style for which these lawyers are noted.

Among other answers, it says: "Answering the allegations contained in the petitioner's complaint, the defendant says that the petitioner has not any good ground for divorce; that she did not in all respects respect herself as a true and loyal wife. She wanted to board at houses where there were few women and plenty of men. He wanted to retire at 10 o'clock at night, but she refused to go to her room, and he was compelled to lie upon a lonely couch while she was up talking to young men. She was too familiar with strange men on a short acquaintance. On one occasion she fell desperately in love with a strong player at Hickory, N. C. Her sentiments were irrepressible and outrageous, and she was compelled to write them to her sister."

The husband surreptitiously got possession of this epistle.

In his answer he characterized it accurately. It is a rather "irresponsible and outrageous" letter.

It is headed "strictly private," coupled to which is the admonition, "Destroy at once."

"My Dear Lillie—Your welcome letter P. C. just to hand. . . . Mr. Grace was here today. The Hickory brass band has gone to Richmond to the unveiling of the Lee monument and of course they have their handsome drum major," as he is called. He looks charming in his uniform. He was only here a few moments. I have met my long-expected 'dream boy'—you know—the fellow I dreamed about long ago. I know it is him. . . . He has been to see me, but has behaved well. . . . His face is the same as the one I dreamed about."

Why this comes to trial some spy disclosure will doubtless be made.

Merit wins, as the marvelous success of Hoot's Sanatilla shows. It possesses true medicinal merit. Sold by all druggists.

FACTS.

The Post-Tenneyson can take a worthless sheet of paper, and by writing a poem on it, make it worth \$65,000. That's genius.

A cup of Hoyt's Rijamo Coffee for breakfast will make a man feel better all day. That's facts.

Vanderbilt can write a few words on a sheet of paper and make it worth \$5,000,000. That's capital.

Hoyt's Royal Patent Flour never fails to make good, pure, light, wholesome bread. That's Quality.

The mechanic can take material worth 75 cents and make it into a watch worth \$100. That's skill.

Every one who tries Hoyt's fine Jersey Butter pronounces it the purest and finest they ever tried. That's good judgment.

The United States can take an ounce and a quarter of gold, and stamp upon it an "eagle bird," and make it worth \$20. That's money.

Connoisseurs pronounce our new Pack of Pickles the best ever brought to Atlanta. That's good taste.

The ditch digger works ten hours a day and shovels three or four tons of earth for \$2. That's labor.

The housekeeper comes straight to Hoyt's store for what she wants, and finds it, of the best quality and at the lowest price. That's wisdom.

W. R. Hoyt, 30 Whitehall, sep19-20 sep23 sun sat 10c

Be sure and see Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while visiting. 25 cents. Fine watch and jewelry repairing. The large—MRS. J. B. BERRY, 25 Whitehall st. sep23 sun sat 10c

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## STILSON,

JEWELER.  
35 WHITEHALL ST.  
Reliable Goods.  
Fair Dealing.  
Bottom Prices.

GET YOUR BLANK BOOKS, LEDGERS  
PRINTING  
JAS. P. HARRISON & CO.  
(THE FRANKLIN PUBLISHING HOUSE)  
State Printers, Atlanta, Ga.  
Consult them before placing your orders.

## THE DRESDEN

Our retail department has been moved into the new J. M. High Building, on Whitehall street.

Our display is yet incomplete, and is not near what it will be in the near future, still our friends and customers are invited to look and judge from present appearances what they will have to expect hereafter. Due notice will be given of our opening day. We continue at our old stand to sell the wholesale trade, including hotel, restaurant and bar trade. We have full lines in all of them.

MUeller & KOEPEL,  
2 SOUTH PRYOR,  
Opposite Kimball House.

Richmond and Danville R. Co. Company.  
OFFICE OF GENERAL MANAGER.  
ATLANTA, GA., Sept. 1, 1891.

THIS COMPANY WILL PAY \$10,000 FOR THE arrest and conviction of the person or persons who removed the rail from the track of the Western North Carolina railroad, near Bottin's Bridge, Iredell county, North Carolina, on the night of Wednesday, August 28, 1891.

W. B. GREEN,  
General Manager Richmond and Danville Railroad Company. sep23-30

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.  
CHARLES W. SKEOELL,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Room 1, 3 1/2 Whitehall street,  
Atlanta, Ga.  
1st-11-3mcs.

DANIEL W. BOUTWELL,  
COUNSELLOR AT LAW,  
Headquarters City Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga.  
Telephone 102. Georgia reports bought, sold and exchanged.  
JOHN W. AVERY,  
Attorney at Law,  
Office: 94 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.  
Special attention given to the collection of claims.  
B. H. & C. D. HILL,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
Rooms 14, 15 and 16, Old Capitol,  
Telephone 429.

ERNEST C. KONZ,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Room 44 State City Bank Building,  
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T. H. HUZZA, M. D.,  
Physician and Surgeon,  
2 1/2 Marietta Street, over Jacobs' Pharmacy.  
Hours, 10 to 1, 4 to 7.  
sep18-ly  
Night calls at office.

G. L. NORMAN,  
Architect,  
Old Capitol Building,  
Atlanta, Ga.  
19

D. R. JOHN E. WOODWARD,  
DENTIST,  
Rooms, 12 and 13 Old Capitol 2d floor.  
sep2-ly

HUGH V. WASHINGTON,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Macon, Ga.  
Special attention to commercial claims, damages, corporation laws and matters of real estate in state and federal courts.  
JAMES E. HINES,  
THOS. R. FELDER, JR.  
(Late Judge Sup. Court Md. Ct.)  
HINES & FELDER,  
Attorneys at Law,  
Room 31, Fitten Building  
sep27-ly

W. A. HAYGOOD, ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Office 17 1/2 Peachtree st.  
ATLANTA, GA.  
MR. ROSA F. MONROE, M. D., and Dr. W. A. Monahan, Private sanitarium for the cure of diseases of women. Ladies accommodated during pregnancy and confinement. Offices, junction Peachtree, Forsyth and Church streets, Atlanta, Ga.

ATTORNEYS.  
L. R. WHEELER & W. T. DOWNING,  
ARCHITECTS, ATLANTA, GA.  
Office fourth floor Chamberlain & Boynton building, corner Whitehall and Hunter streets. Take elevator.

LESLIE BURKING,  
ARCHITECT,  
Room 41, Old Capitol Building,  
Atlanta, Ga.  
sep2-ly

R. O. LOVETT,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
17 1/2 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.  
Will practice in State and Federal Courts.

FOR MANCHESTER.  
Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings. Every class of dressed and undressed lumber, inside finish. We handle the very best building material, as well as bridge timber.

WILLINGHAM & CO.,  
64 Elliott St., Atlanta, Ga.  
Telephone 1020.  
sep13-4m

FOR MANCHESTER.  
Train leaves union passenger depot for Manchester today at 10 a. m., and returns to city at 1 p. m. Everybody invited to go and see Atlanta's new suburb.

THE TRIPOD PAINT CO.  
ATLANTA, GA.  
Manufacturers of  
Pure Ready-Mixed Paints,  
PIEDMONT WHITE LEAD, OIL  
AND GRADING COLORS, ETC.  
Dealers in  
Artists' and  
Painters' Supplies  
Window Glass, Etc.

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## AN IMMENSE SUCCESS

We have fitted up with great care the best arranged and best lighted Boys' and Children's department in Atlanta. We are thoroughly equipped for the fall trade. This department is a store in itself. Everything for the boys and children in suits, in extra Pants, Hats, Caps, Waists, etc. Every lady in Atlanta is invited to call and examine our stock. We are sure we can please you.

GEORGE MUSE & CO.,



# THE PINE TRUST

Organized by the Lumber Manufacturers of North Carolina.

A HUNDRED CONCERNS COMBINED IN ONE

A Combination with a Capital of Ten Million Dollars—The Lumbermen's Heroic Remedy for the Destruction of Pine.

The pine lumber manufacturers of North Carolina have organized in a combination to reduce the output and advance the price of lumber.

They say that at the present rate of production the pine forests of North Carolina will be destroyed and the manufacturers will have nothing to show for the immense and destructive business they have carried on.

A Norfolk special to The Richmond Times gives the details. Writing on the 21st the correspondent says:

There will assemble in this city tomorrow, at 10:30 a. m., one of the most important meetings ever held in Norfolk. It is called for the purpose of consolidating the individual manufacturers of North Carolina pine lumber into a stock company, with an estimated capital of \$10,000,000. This scheme has been quietly working for several months, and when formed will be a gigantic trust organized for the purpose of controlling the lumber trade.

It was put on foot early in the summer by the issuing of a circular from the office of the North Carolina Lumber Association, J. L. Roper, president, and John Harker, secretary, inviting leading manufacturers to a meeting to be held for the purpose of discussing the proposed plan. At first it was difficult to secure co-operation. Manufacturers were slow to take hold of a scheme of which they knew little, and the first meeting in this city was but a stilted affair. Later it was decided to send a leading lumberman to feel the pulse of the manufacturers. For this important work Mr. Franklin Knight, of Philadelphia, was selected. He visited the leading manufacturers and his work speaks for itself. Under his persuasive eloquence their fears were removed, and in a few weeks he had secured the necessary documents and would join the combination.

Members of the Combine.

On the 26th of September another circular was issued, and among other things it says: "For your information we give a list of those who are willing to subscribe to the combination, viz: John D. Wimsatt, and Thomas W. Smith, Washington, D. C.; Mulhern & Dale, Otto Duker & Co., E. W. Hartman & Son, the Tulsa Lumber Company, C. F. Sloan & Brother, George G. Tyler, Baltimore, Md.; W. L. Parsley, Roanoke, Va.; J. Stewart, Knight, and John L. Roper, Lumber Company, Norfolk, Va.; Southern Lumber Company, C. L. Lee & Co., Suffolk, Va.; J. Stewart, Knight, and John L. Roper, Lumber Company, Martin County Lumber Company, Albemarle, N. C.; Lumber Company, Kennesaw Lumber Company, Goldsboro, N. C.; Southern Lumber Company, J. Schalky, Newbern, N. C.; Pioneer Lumber Company, Douglas, N. C.; C. D. Alderman & Co., Raleigh, N. C."

The circular further says: "It is apparent from the above list that the combination is assured success, and a stock company can now be formed without any difficulty. The importance of the vast business in dressed lumber output of this section, and the Carolina ought to stir us up to the necessity of protection."

To Advance Prices.

"Resulting, as we hope it will, in setting an advance upon the low prices which have been hitherto obtained; it is only a question of a few years at the present rate of production when this important business will be in the hands of a few individuals, and unless something is done now with combined efforts to get the money out of it possible in time to come many will regret not taking a deep interest in the movement. We now call a meeting to be held at the office of John L. Roper, Lumber Company, Norfolk, Va., Tuesday, September 28, at 10:30 a. m., and hope to have many concerns represented, and without arguing you, we think you will see the necessity of doing so at present. The circular was addressed to John Harker, secretary of the Carolina association, an organization of which membership of about one hundred, and it is understood that they will join. At once prices will be advanced, and a reduction of the output of the combination will secure a large number of mills to close of operation, and several thousand laborers will be seeking work in the next few weeks."

TOOK HIM FOR A TURKEY.

The Bad Mistake of a Hunter Near Gainesville.

GAINEVILLE, Ga., September 23.—[Special.]—A very serious, if not a fatal accident, happened to Mr. Samuel Clark in the woods, near Gainesville. This afternoon, he and Mr. Tom Little—both operators in the Finger & Shelby shoe factory of the city—were out turkey hunting. They had succeeded in killing one turkey and heard another in the vicinity where the first was killed. Mr. Clark was stationed at a point and Mr. Little went off some distance from Clark to watch for an opportunity to kill the other. Clark became impatient and whipped around through the bushes and unobserved came in gun shot of Little, who seeing his (Brown's) coat through the bushes took aim and fired, when to his horror he discovered that he fired quite a number of bullets into the breast, neck and arms of his companion. Mr. Clark is lying in a critical condition at the house of his father, Mr. Ben Clark, and his life is considered to be in danger.

Finishing Up New Jail.

SANDERSVILLE, Ga., September 23.—[Special.]—The walls of the new jail are going up rapidly now. The stone foundation, which extends four feet from the ground, has been completed and the walls are now being laid. The contractor will endeavor to finish the building by January 1st.

LEMONT EXLIR.

Pleasant, Elegant, Reliable.

For biliousness and constipation, take Lemont Exlir.

For fevers, chills and malaria, take Lemont Exlir.

For sleeplessness, nervousness and palpitation of the heart, take Lemont Exlir.

For indigestion and foul stomach, take Lemont Exlir.

For sick and nervous headaches, take Lemont Exlir.

Dr. Moseley's Lemon Exlir will not fail you in any of the above named diseases, all of which arise from a torpid or diseased liver, stomach, kidneys or bowels.

Prepared only by Dr. H. Moseley, Atlanta, Ga.

50 cents and \$2.00 per bottle at druggists.

LEMONT HOT DROPS.

Cure all Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Hemorrhage and all throat and lung diseases. Pleasant, Reliable.

25 cents at druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Moseley, Atlanta, Ga.

sun-thur

Mme. Demorest's Portfolio of Fashions and what to wear for the fall and winter of 1909 and '10. Price, 25 cents; by mail, 30 cents. For sale by John M. Miller, Marietta street, opera-house block.

MEETINGS.

A regular communication of Atlanta Lodge, No. 59, F. and A. M., will be held in Masonic hall, corner of Marietta and Broad streets, at 8 o'clock this evening. The regular meeting of the Atlanta Lodge, No. 59, F. and A. M., will be held in Masonic hall, corner of Marietta and Broad streets, at 8 o'clock this evening. The regular meeting of the Atlanta Lodge, No. 59, F. and A. M., will be held in Masonic hall, corner of Marietta and Broad streets, at 8 o'clock this evening.

# THE CONSTITUTION

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1909. TEN PAGES

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, September 23, 1909.

New York exchange buying at par; selling at \$1.00 (2.00 1000 premium).

The following are bid and asked quotations:

STOCKS AND BOND.	NEW YORK.	ATLANTA.
New York 2 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 2 1/2% 27
New York 3 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 3 1/2% 27
New York 4 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 4 1/2% 27
New York 5 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 5 1/2% 27
New York 6 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 6 1/2% 27
New York 7 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 7 1/2% 27
New York 8 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 8 1/2% 27
New York 9 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 9 1/2% 27
New York 10 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 10 1/2% 27
New York 11 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 11 1/2% 27
New York 12 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 12 1/2% 27
New York 13 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 13 1/2% 27
New York 14 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 14 1/2% 27
New York 15 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 15 1/2% 27
New York 16 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 16 1/2% 27
New York 17 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 17 1/2% 27
New York 18 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 18 1/2% 27
New York 19 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 19 1/2% 27
New York 20 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 20 1/2% 27
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New York 22 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 22 1/2% 27
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New York 70 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 70 1/2% 27
New York 71 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 71 1/2% 27
New York 72 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 72 1/2% 27
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New York 78 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 78 1/2% 27
New York 79 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 79 1/2% 27
New York 80 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 80 1/2% 27
New York 81 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 81 1/2% 27
New York 82 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 82 1/2% 27
New York 83 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 83 1/2% 27
New York 84 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 84 1/2% 27
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New York 87 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 87 1/2% 27
New York 88 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 88 1/2% 27
New York 89 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 89 1/2% 27
New York 90 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 90 1/2% 27
New York 91 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 91 1/2% 27
New York 92 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 92 1/2% 27
New York 93 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 93 1/2% 27
New York 94 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 94 1/2% 27
New York 95 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 95 1/2% 27
New York 96 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 96 1/2% 27
New York 97 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 97 1/2% 27
New York 98 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 98 1/2% 27
New York 99 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 99 1/2% 27
New York 100 1/2% 27	100	Atlanta 100 1/2% 27

THE NEW YORK MARKET.

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, September 23.—It is now generally expected in Wall street that the Bank of England, at its weekly meeting tomorrow morning, will advance the minimum rate of discount from 4 to 5 per cent, and that this advance will be followed by a corresponding advance in the open market, and incidentally to protect its gold reserve. There has been for the last week a steadily hardening tendency in the money market, and the market has gathered strength in the afternoon, and especially in the last hour, when the rate of discount was advanced from 4 to 5 per cent. The market has gathered strength in the afternoon, and especially in the last hour, when the rate of discount was advanced from 4 to 5 per cent. The market has gathered strength in the afternoon, and especially in the last hour, when the rate of discount was advanced from 4 to 5 per cent.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in the Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, September 23.—There were no evidences in any of the trading pits this morning, or, in fact, during the most of the session, of the crash which S. V. White & Co. went down yesterday. In fact, during the most of the session, the market was strong. After opening at or above yesterday's closing prices, there were advances until the prices reached about those prevailing last week. There was a period of dullness and weakness, and finally a slump, in which marked declines were recorded, knocking off all of the previous advances and more, and the market closed at a low level. The market was strong. After opening at or above yesterday's closing prices, there were advances until the prices reached about those prevailing last week. There was a period of dullness and weakness, and finally a slump, in which marked declines were recorded, knocking off all of the previous advances and more, and the market closed at a low level.

THE COTTON MARKET.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, September 23, 1909.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

do. fa.	98	do. preferred	79
C. con. Brown.	94	Pacific Mail	23
ennessee fa.	104	Reading	13
ennessee fa.	170	Rich. & W. P. Ter.	13
ettlement fa.	35	Rock Island	86
rginia fa.	80	St. Paul	74
rginia consols.	35	do. Pr.ferred	121
icago and N. W.	116	Texas Pacific	165
do. preferred	157	Tenn. Coal & Iron	35
do. and L. & N.	145	Union Pacific	48
do. preferred	31	N. J. Central	119
et Tenn. new	61	Missouri Pacific	74
Shore.	122	Western Union	284
aleville & Nash	80	Cotton Oil Trust	25



## PH. S. NEARLY HERE.

Greatest Exposition of the Year Will  
Soon Open in Atlanta.

SPACE FOR EXHIBITS ALL GONE.

Cattle Department Is Now Growing  
and More Stabling Is Wanted  
for the Pretty Jersey.

More than four weeks.

Only twenty-three more days before the tre-

mendous work will be accomplished.

Three stages and the grand stand to be com-

pleted.

Five hundred thousand feet of lumber nee-

ded to finish the work.

The race track being prepared.

Indeed it is hard to realize that the long-

awaited and anxiously-expected event is but

twenty-three days off. The great exposition

opens October 19th, giving to the world

the most tremendous spectacle and the grand-

est exposition that has ever been seen in

America.

Preparing to Start.

Belonging Kinsley is hard at work taking down

the scenery and machinery necessary for the

exhibition of King Solomon, and inside of the

next ten days, the scenery, which amused over

a million people at El Dorado, will be on its

way to Atlanta to amuse an equal number at

the great center of the south.

The Piedmont directors were wise in select-

ing this as a mainstay around which to call

the greatest collection of the world's greatest

attractions.

Amusements, entertainments of every

nature, music and spectacle will surpass

anything ever given anywhere in this coun-

try. Then, too, Atlanta will have

America's Greatest Statesmen,

who will participate and deliver addresses dur-

ing the exposition. Among the distinguished

statesmen who will speak during the exposi-

tion will be several of the prominently spoken

of candidates for president, and the great sen-

ators who so vigorously opposed the force bill

and stands with the majority of the south on

the silver question.

\$1,000 for the Printers.

Indications point to the fact that the prizes

in the printers' contest will amount to more

than one thousand dollars when all the prizes

are in. Receipts are daily coming in to the

committee of handsome presents from differ-

ent establishments interested in the success of

the exposition, and already a number of answers

have been received to their letters. Among the

presentations donated are a valuable printing

press worth \$250, handsome printers' cabinet,

silver paper cutter, and a donation of one

hundred dollars' worth of type in

addition to large money prizes and other things

that will be given. The printers are taking a

great interest, and there is no doubt there will

be more applicants than they will be able to

satisfy.

The committee has decided to have con-

tests from different sections of the country;

not one or two cities near by would be

able to supply all contestants. The interest

in the printers' contest waxes warm, and

steady wagers are being made as to the suc-

cessful contestant.

It will be interesting to our readers to know

of the great list of exhibits already secured:

Florida Palmetto and Brush Company,

Levin Manufacturing Company, Goddard

Manufacturing Company, Scham & Uhlinger,

Detroit Heating and Lighting Company, Law-

son Valentine Company, Kennon Mott, Acker

Berry Company, M. G. Thompson & Co., H.

R. Heinz & Co., Allen Chester, J. K. Massan-

ette, Lane & Bodley, Ames Manufacturing

Company, E. M. Thompson & Co., Miss Zoe

Down, Southern Equipment Company, Fos-

ter Manufacturing Company, Deatur Leader Com-

pany, Tallapoosa Reclining Chair Company, S.

A. Wood Machine Company, Charles E. Cole,

L. Marks, M. Harberg, H. Cook, F. A.

Reid & Co., Manley & Tuttle, R. L.

Ringer, Krompton Lomm Works, Walker,

John & Co., G. W. Hecker & Co., Watt &

John M. Govey & Co., Southern Saw

Manufacturing Company, Kitson Founding

and Machine Company.

The above is a brief list of some of the

exhibitors who will make handsome

shows at the exposition. The list of all the ex-

hibitors contains over three hundred names and

is too extensive for publication.

We call attention of Atlanta merchants to

the fact that very little space is left, and if

Atlanta desires to be represented and get the

benefit, the merchants had better get to work

at once and secure the little space left.

## THE SMYRNA WRECK.

The Inquest Over the Body of Fireman

Hicks—The Inquest.

The body of Fireman Hicks was carried to

the undertaking establishment of Wylie &

Barclay yesterday morning, and at that place

Coroner Davis held an inquest.

The body was horribly mutilated and burned

by the collision the night before, and was

hardly recognizable. In the morning the jury

could not get witnesses enough to fully investi-

gate the cause of the accident, and an afternoon

session was held.

It was ascertained that the last train to

leave the siding was way freight No. 9, in

charge of Conductor Keel, and Flagman Guy-

ton, of this train, swore that he locked the

switch to the main line.

If he did this, and there was no evidence to

the contrary, the switch could only have been

misplaced by one of the foremen in charge of

the work at this place in the road, or have

been done maliciously. There was no proof

to any of these, and the jury's verdict was

to the effect that the switch was

left open and the death caused through the

negligence of the road or some of its employes.

Engineer Hickox, while badly hurt, was

able to attend the inquest. Messrs. Miller

and Wingfield, the two mail agents injured,

were badly hurt, but neither is fatally

wounded.

The boy tramp was sent to his home in Co-

lumbus.

It was a bad wreck, and it took several

hours to clear the track covered with smashed

cars.

## DESIRE THE LAW REPEALED.

Property Owners on the Coast Dissatisfied

with the Oyster Law.

SAVANNAH, Ga., September 23.—[Special.]—

Property owners on the coast are organizing

to make a vigorous fight in the legislature

during the next few weeks for the repeal of

the oyster law recently passed. It is proposed

to endeavor to form an organization of the

property owners along the coast for the pur-

pose of protecting their interests, which it is

claimed are seriously menaced by those oyster

companies.

"Their representatives at Atlanta have suc-

ceeded in getting a law passed through false

pretenses, as we believe," said one today,

"which is decidedly inimical to our rights.

We propose to do all in our power to show the

legislature the wrong they have unintention-

ally perpetrated and see if they cannot be in-

duced to rectify the injustice."

Free

Samples of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine

at druggists. Cures Headache, Nervousness,

Sleeplessness, Neuralgia, Fits, etc.

## CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ACHESON, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTIN, D. D., New York City. Late Pastor Bloomingdale Reformed Church.

Castoria cures Colds, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eruption, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes growth. Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARKER, M. D., "The Winthrop," 126th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

## M. RICH &amp; BROS.

THE LARGEST DRY GOODS, CARPET AND FURNITURE STORE

In the south, are now ready to show you the finest and best selected stock ever brought to this state.

## IN DRESS GOODS

We are showing the largest assortment of French, German, English and American Novelties, as well as plain and fancy weave Worsteds, with lovely trimmings made to match.

We have about forty shades of French Cloths, with Silks and Velvets to match.

You cannot form the slightest idea what beautiful Novelties we have in plain and fancy Silks for evening, dinner, reception and street costumes.

We show a beautiful line of fancy and plain Flannels. Our Table Linen and House Furnishing is the largest department of its kind in the city.

## IN KID GLOVES

We have the loveliest new shadings in all lengths, from 4 to 30-button lengths, from \$1 to \$5 per pair. All of our Kid Gloves are tried on your hand and warranted not to break.

As we intend to sustain our reputation for keeping the best goods and selling them at the smallest profits, it will pay you to call and see this mammoth stock.

We sell Zephyrs at 4c an ounce, any shade or quality you may want.

## COMPETITION NOT IN IT.

LEADING NOVELTIES IN

Parlor, Hall, Chamber, Office and Fancy Furniture.

Continued success compels our competitors to succumb to the inevitable. We continue to lead the van in

## POPULAR PRICES AND POPULAR CONFIDENCE

as dealers in the greatest line of Carpets and Furniture ever displayed in Atlanta. Strictly original styles, with the largest and best selected stock of

Furniture, Carpets and Draperies, places us above the competition of southern houses. In Carpets, the leading feature of our business, we shall continue the Leaders of the Carpet Trade of Atlanta. No one shall touch our prices. We show only private designs in Carpets of the leading mills, which are not to be duplicated in Atlanta. No line in the south touches it in point of beauty.

DRAPERIES.—Our Drapery department contains the most admired and artistic stock ever seen in this country. Our special boast is the pretty conceits and novel effects displayed in this department, which is palatial in its elegance and replete with exquisite novelties. Our Art and Bric-a-Brac department forms a bower of beauty, and, alone, is worthy a special visit by all who admire the beautiful in Decorative Art.

High Art Parlor Furniture! High Art Chamber Furniture! We have just opened two cars of Artistic Furniture. We invite the inspection of connoisseurs of Artistic Furniture to these elegant and princely productions.

M. Rich & Bros., 54 and 56 WHITEHALL ST., and 12, 14, 16, 18, 20 and 22 E. HUNTER ST., ATLANTA, GA.



## ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, head-aches and fevers, and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

## OPIUM

and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE.

B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D.

Atlanta, Ga. Office 100 1/2 Whitehall St.

## Bedroom Furniture.

## All Over the City Parlor Furniture.

## RESIDENCES ARE POPPING UP LIKE MUSHROOMS.

And those watching their interest closest are

## Buying Furniture from Chamberlin, Johnson &amp; Co.

We are not forced to use the DEADLY BARLOW in cutting prices on undesirable goods, as we have none, but show

## The Best and Largest Stock of Fine and Medium Furniture IN THE SOUTHERN STATES,

and, being bought cheap, can put on a legitimate profit, and THEN BE UNDER COMPETITORS.

We buy for SPOT CASH, and, with our years of experience, cannot fail to benefit you in your purchases.

New line of Japanese Folding Screens, Fire Screens, New Folding Beds, Bookcases, Wardrobes and Hall Trees.

## Best and Cheapest Line of Office Furniture

## Dining Room Furniture. In the City! Hall and Library Furniture.

## PETER LYNCH,

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sts.

DEALER IN

Cigars, Tobaccos, Wines and Liquors, Guns,

Plato, Cartridges.

Is just now receiving half gallon, quart and pint fruit jars of the Mullville, Glassboro and Mason patterns. Also turnip seeds of nearly all kinds. Claret, Sherry, Port, Madeira, Angelica and other wines together with ale, porter and bottled beer and other light beverages. A specialty of during the hot season of the year. Peter Lynch also runs a branch store at 200 W. Peters St., where he keeps a better variety of groceries and provisions, and a line of such goods as he keeps on Whitehall St., wines and liquors excepted. Please call and see him at either or both places and he will try to please you. Terms cash. 42-72441

Southern Ink for Southern Printers.

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

Printing and Lithographing Inks

Superior Quality and Lowest Prices.

ATLANTA PRINTING INK WORKS

230 TO 236 WHEAT STREET,

ATLANTA, GA.

The Only Ink Manufactured in the

South,

may 21-63m

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT

LINE.

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD CO.

the most direct line and best route to Montgomery

New Orleans, Texas and the Southwest.

The following schedule in effect August 2, 1891:

Opekela ...	7 28 p m	3 47 a m	10 52 a m
Columbus ...			12 06 noon
Montgomery	9 25 p m	1 00 a m	
Pensacola	8 15 a m	1 19 p m	
Mobile	3 15 a m	12 10 p m	
New Orleans	7 46 a m	4 48 p m	
HoustonTex	9 46 p m	7 07 a m	
SELMA, VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT			
Montgomery	9 25 p m	7 55 a m	
Selma	11 20 p m	9 45 a m	
No. 31. No. 32. No. 33. No. 34.			



## ABOUT STATE BANKS.

Congressman Richardson Gives His Reasons in a Letter

Why He Has a Preference for Them.

They Can Give Needed Relief by Supplying More Money to the People. Illustrative Figures.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., September 21.—Mr. James J. Bean, Lynchburg, Tenn. My Dear Sir: Your letter just received. You ask why I favor the organization of state banks and how can they give relief in the way of supplying more money to the people.

I will tell you why I favor them and how they can give relief. What, let me ask, is the real situation today so far as a bank circulation is concerned? Briefly and simply, it is this. No bank in this broad land can issue bank notes, circulation, money, except a national bank. Why? Because any other bank issuing money must pay each year a 10 per cent tax to the United States government on every dollar so issued. This is provided in the national banking act. It is done to give the national banking a monopoly of supplying money to the people. Well, you may ask, do you object to this? Is not the money good? I answer, yes, I do object to it. The money is good. The trouble is these national banks will not exercise the right given them to issue money; they will not put their notes in circulation. I repeat it, under the law national banks alone can issue money, circulation, and they won't do it. Why? For the reason, they say, it will not and does not pay them to have circulation. The government taxes their circulation 10 per cent per annum, not 10, and they say this is so onerous they will not claim the circulation they are entitled to under the law. Let us accept this reason as true, for we know that it is to their interest to have a monopoly of taking the circulation they would all do it without exception. That they do not take it is manifest. The First National bank of Memphis, my own town, is a most prosperous and safe institution, paying handsome dividends to its stockholders. It has a capital of \$100,000. It could have \$300,000 of its own notes in circulation, each national bank being allowed circulation equal to 90 per cent of its capital. It actually has about twenty-two thousand dollars in circulation. The national banking capital of Nashville amounts in the aggregate \$3,500,000.

The entire circulation of all the Nashville banks is only \$180,000, while they might have under the law, if they would, about three million dollars. Thus the situation is this: The government will not allow any bank but a national bank to issue circulation, and while this is true, it so taxes them that they cannot afford to do it. Now I say this is a most anomalous condition, and, in my opinion, would not be endured or allowed to exist ninety days in any other free government under the sun. If the government is to deny the privilege of issuing money to all other than national banks, then it should require those favorites to issue the money. It not only does not require them to do so, but places such burdens on the issuance that they cannot do it with profit. Then I say, repeal the 10 per cent tax on the circulation of all other than national banks, and allow states and individuals to bank and issue circulation, because it is more profitable than national banking. To show this fact the following illustration prepared by an Alabamian:

Suppose three or more persons have \$117,000 and desire to organize a bank to issue circulation. Call amount of notes the law permits. They would take this \$117,000 and pay it all for \$100,000 United States 4 per cent bonds running sixteen years, worth \$117,000. They would deposit these \$100,000 of bonds with the United States treasury and receive from him in their own notes \$100,000 per cent.....\$ 50,000  
Less 4 per cent.....\$ 4,000  
Total amount of interest received.....\$ 46,000  
This amount loaned at 8 per cent would make annual interest.....\$ 3,680  
And for sixteen years.....\$109,440  
Add interest on bonds for sixteen years.....\$ 64,000  
Total amount of interest received.....\$173,440  
Add at maturity principal of bonds.....\$100,000  
Total principal and interest received in sixteen years.....\$273,440  
From this must be deducted—per cent tax per annum on circulation for sixteen years.....\$14,400  
\$100 per annum printing sixteen years.....\$1,600  
\$50 per annum examination.....\$ 800  
Net receipts national bank.....\$256,640  
I take sixteen years because that is the length of time the four per cent bonds run. Now suppose the \$117,000 invested in the national bank had been put in a state bank, what would the result have been?

The interest on \$117,000 at 8 per cent would be for one year.....\$ 9,360  
And add for sixteen years.....\$149,760  
Add principal.....\$117,000  
Total receipts, principal and interest.....\$266,760  
Exactly \$10,120 more than the national bank would receive.  
This is shown that the state or free bank would pay as well and better than national banks. It is demanded by the farmers and laborers of the country, and it is conceded by everybody, bankers and business men, that there should be a material increasing circulation of money. Leaders are rising up to teach the people how to get it. Some favor and advocate such wholly impracticable means as the so-called currency bill and the land loan bill. To my mind the road to relief is clear. It is this: let congress repeal the national banking act, or at least so much of it as imposes the 10 per cent tax on the circulation of all other than national banks, provide for the free coinage of silver and reduce the amount of a strictly revenue basis. These, purely democratic measures, will give us all the money needed in circulation and will start us forth with such an era of prosperity as we have not known since the closing of the late unhappy war. Truly, your friend,  
JAMES D. RICHMOND.

W. C. T. U.  
The Atlanta South Side Woman's Christian Temperance Union meets in the steward's room, 24th at 4 o'clock. Reports from superintendents of departments. Members are urged to be present.

Miss DARY MATTHEW, President.  
Recording Secretary.  
Burglaries in Thomsville.  
THOMASVILLE, Ga., September 23.—[Special.]—Burglaries paid the city a visit last night. The stores of John Stark and Schmidt were entered, and the contents of cash drawers appropriated. Little or nothing else was taken. The buildings were entered in each case through the rear window. An attempt was also made to go through the store of Falls & Son, but the thieves were unable to get in. No clue as to who the burglars were.

CHANGE OF TIME.  
Grant Park Electric Railway Company.  
Commencing today, a car will leave Grant Park for the city at 10:30 a. m., and every hour thereafter until 10:05 p. m. A car will leave corner Broad and Adams at 6:30 a. m., and every hour thereafter until 10:05 p. m. for Grant Park.

sept-11w President and General Manager.  
Alabama Reports.  
Reprinted, large, new type, annotated to date, corrected and greatly improved; full law binding. The first fifteen volumes of this excellent set of reports are now in print, with the first ten ready for delivery. The publication will be pushed rapidly to completion at the rate of four volumes per month. The present undertaking will include every case from Minor to 48 Alabama reports. Until November 1st no more volumes will be received at the popular price of 35 cents per volume. The regular edition has the first 15 bound in 6 volumes, for \$3.25 per volume. The balance of these volumes will be bound separately. Address Constitution Job Office. sep-11w

BAIRD HOUSE.  
A New and Elegant Hotel on Peachtree Street.  
One of the best and most convenient hotels in the city is the Baird house. Its location is just opposite the governor's mansion. It has suites and single rooms. Every convenience. The choicest fare.

Mrs. Demorest's Portfolio of Fashions.  
and what to wear for the fall and winter of 1911. 120 pages, 25 cents; by mail, 30 cents. For sale by John M. Miller, Marietta street, opera house block.

## THE COUNTY COURTHOUSE.

Gossip Gathered Yesterday in the Various Departments.

Three courts were running at the same time yesterday in the county courthouse, yet very few cases were disposed of.

The City Court.  
In the city court of Atlanta, Judge Howard Van Epps presiding, the case of P. E. Hudson vs. the Georgia Pacific Railway Company, which has been on trial since last Monday morning, was closed by the jury's returning a verdict for the plaintiff for \$5,000. The amount sued for was \$30,000.

The case of George P. Brown vs. the Richmond and Danville Railway Company for \$5,000 damages was begun. The plaintiff alleged that while he was trying to board a passenger train it started off and he was badly injured. The case occupied the court the greater part of the day. At the conclusion of Judge Pendleton's argument the court adjourned, to meet at 9 o'clock this morning.

He Wants Damages.  
Mr. J. M. Edward yesterday instituted a suit for \$3,000 damages against the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad Company. The plaintiff says his complaint that the 23d of March, 1891, he made a contract with defendant to ship sixty head of cattle and deliver them without delay at a certain destination. The company failed to keep its promise, and when the cattle were delivered, much later than had been agreed upon, it was found that some were dead and others in very bad condition. The plaintiff says his losses, caused by the company's negligence, amount to \$3,000. The papers were filed by Messrs. Glenn & Maddox.

The Criminal Court.  
Judge Westmoreland is rapidly clearing out the county jail of petty criminals. Within the past three days he has sentenced about twenty-five criminals to the chain-gang.

Drawing Jurors.  
Yesterday Judge Marshall J. Clark and Clerk Frank Myers spent an hour in open court drawing jurors for Judge Richard H. Clark's criminal court, which meets next Monday. Judge Clark has been holding a very bad condition. The plaintiff says his losses, caused by the company's negligence, amount to \$3,000. The papers were filed by Messrs. Glenn & Maddox.

The Grand Jury.  
This morning the grand jury will meet and Solicitor General Hill will lay before the body some matters of special importance to the county. A number of gaming cases will be investigated. The body will likely visit all the county institutions and prepare a report. What the grand jury will do, however, is merely conjectural.

Died Intestate.  
Mr. J. C. Kimball left no will, and his son, Walter, has applied to the court of ordinary for letters of administration on the estate. This morning Ordinary Calhoun will make the appointment.

COURT EVENTS AT JONESBORO.  
The Jail Cleared—Important Grand Jury Presentations.

JONESBORO, Ga., September 23.—[Special.]—The superior court, Judge Richard H. Clark presiding, has adjourned after a laborious session of two weeks. Many cases in the civil docket were tried or otherwise disposed of. Several were important and strongly contested. The jail was delivered of thirteen prisoners, and several bond cases tried. The grand jury expressed in their general presentations their satisfaction with the judge and solicitor general, and particularly alluded to the excellent condition of the civil docket under the administration of Judge Clark. They also expressed their unanimous opposition to the plan of changing Clayton to the Flint circuit, which would take the county out of the senatorial and congressional districts.

Captain W. T. Kinsey, so long the affable and efficient clerk of the court, was admitted to the bar. The examination drew great credit to him, and many were surprised that a gentleman who had so long pursued other callings and was daily engaged in other business, could stand so excellent an examination.

In hot weather "of midsummer impurities in the blood may seriously annoy you. Expels them by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5.

Angostura Bitters should find a place in every household. The best cure for indigestion. Manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

Prominent Business Man Changes Base.  
Mr. A. C. Beall, who made such a host of friends in the clothing business, has returned to his first love, dry goods, and can now be found with the well-known house of M. Rich & Co. Mr. Beall was in the dry goods business many years before he entered the clothing line, and his years of experience, combined with his energy and cordial manners, will make him a favorite with many customers, and it will be a great advantage to the ladies to have his taste and experience in the selection of goods.

The finest stock of gold-head chains ever shown in the south for presentation purposes. Maier & Berkele, 95 Whitehall st. sep-20n tus tue sat

THE "COMFORT" EYE-GLASS.  
Observe how perfectly the centers of the lenses and of the eyes coincide.  
We make a specialty of fitting the Crystallized Lenses in these frames.

A. K. HAWKES, Manufacturing Optician, 19 WHITEHALL ST. Tel. 2 m bot col

At 4 O'clock  
This afternoon I will sell the Bloomfield property, corner Pryor and Garnett streets. Be sure to be there. G. W. ADAIR.

H. P. ASHLEY, IRON AND BRASS, MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY. REPAIRS ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY. All Kinds of Gears Cut in Iron, Steel and Brass. MANUFACTURER OF SPRING BED MACHINERY.

Send in your old steam or gas engines. Pumps and injectors to be repaired with guarantee to be good as new. Models and tools made to order. Groundpaper and plaster knives in the new improved machine 25 and 30 South Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga. sep-21w

## DO NOT read this and FORGET IT!

Paste it in a conspicuous place. In your memory is the BEST place. Remember that we sell

DIAMONDS and give you the largest assortment in the South to select from.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

PERFECTED CRYSTAL LENSES. Trade Mark. Specially First and Always.

We have unequalled facilities for the manufacture of Spectacles and Eye-Glasses. We grind all kinds of Lenses, plain or compound. FAULKNER, KELLAM & MOORE, Scientific Opticians, 55 Marietta Street, Old Capitol Building.

USE HICKEY'S MAGIC HAIRLINE. For the professional removal of baldness. Removing DANDRUFF and all other diseases of the scalp. Contains no oil, and is a perfect dressing. HICKEY'S MAGIC HAIRLINE. For the professional removal of baldness. Removing DANDRUFF and all other diseases of the scalp. Contains no oil, and is a perfect dressing. HICKEY'S MAGIC HAIRLINE. For the professional removal of baldness. Removing DANDRUFF and all other diseases of the scalp. Contains no oil, and is a perfect dressing.

E. BEALL, Fall Clothing, LATEST STYLE HATS, NOW READY! PRICES LOW

and no mistake. Consult your interest and GIVE US A CALL.

We will inaugurate for the season the LOWEST PRICES

FIRST-CLASS GOODS! ever offered in Atlanta. Orders by mail solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

E. BEALL, 29 Whitehall St.

The Georgia Military Institute Company desire to correspond with architects in regard to plans for the building to be erected at Manchester, near Atlanta, Ga. Letters addressed to Professor Chas. M. Neel, Atlanta, Ga., will receive prompt attention.

W. A. Osborn & Co. 12 S. Pryor Street.

Always have some choice pieces of property to offer you in central, suburban and acreage. We know we can offer unobtainable bargains.

Corner Pryor and Garnett Streets, G. W. ADAIR.

FOR MANCHESTER. Train leaves union passenger depot for Manchester today at 10 a. m., and returns to city at 1 p. m. Everybody invited to go and see Atlanta's new suburb.

26 HOURS AND 50 MINUTES. ATLANTA TO CHICAGO. Solid trains to Nashville, and Pullman Vestibule Train of Day Coaches, Parlor, Sleeping and Dining Cars, Nashville to Chicago. Union Depots, Quick-time. Ask your tickets via WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

EVANSVILLE ROUTE. Administrator Estate Thomas F. Townsend, deceased. N. B.—Purchasers wishing to examine stock can do so by application to Major Brooks or J. McLaughlin on 24th Street. sep-22w Thur 25mon oct-1w tues

Wool Men Attention! FOR SALE. Second-hand wool cards, latest styles, steel ring burrers, traversegrinders, pickers and other machinery. Easy terms. A. J. McBride, 10 Gate City Bank, Atlanta, or C. M. Jones, Emerson, Ga.

## REAL ESTATE SALES.

Valuable Farms and Timber Lands for sale by RESPESS & CO., Real Estate Agents, No. 37 new, Broad St.

All farms sold on very liberal terms and easy payments. 2000 acres, extra fine middle Georgia farm, etc. 2,500 extra fine middle Georgia, with good residence; also other necessary improvements; plenty fine water, power and mill; offer very cheap; only \$12,500. We have in Greene county, either stock or farm lands:

485 acres 3 miles from Greensboro, \$5 per acre. 115 acres 4 miles from Greensboro, \$5 per acre. 225 acres 5 miles from Greensboro, \$5 per acre. 200 acres 5 miles from Greensboro, \$5 per acre. 350 acres 6 miles from Greensboro, \$5 per acre. 650 and 1,045 acres 12 miles from Greensboro, \$10 per acre. 2 future county farms, well improved, 667 and 100 acres, only \$10 per acre. 160 and 800 acres near East Point, cheap. 200 acres near Manchester. 400 acres on R. D., near Atlanta. 6,370 acres, virgin growth, pine timber land, \$150 per acre. 7,500 acres pine timber lands on Georgia Southern, \$3 per acre. 15,500 acres on East Tennessee, \$2.50 per acre. 25,000 acres near Brunswick and Western, at \$3 per acre. Also small tracts all around the city, for subdivisions, at bargain.

Read our advertisement in The Journal for city improvements and vacant property. RESPESS & CO., No. 5 old number and 37 new, Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

If You Miss It You'll Regret It. The sale of the Bloomfield property, corner Pryor and Garnett streets, on Thursday, 24th, at 4 o'clock. Don't forget it. G. W. ADAIR.

G. W. ADAIR, AUCTIONEER. Choice Central Property on Pryor and Garnett Streets.

I will sell on the premises Thursday, 24th day of September, at 4 o'clock, p. m. two splendid central houses and lots, on the corner of Pryor and Garnett streets.

The corner lot is 47,710.35, and has on it a well constructed frame house. The other lot is 18,500 feet front, and has a splendid brick house.

This property is very desirable for central homes. Pryor street is rapidly improving and developing into a main thoroughfare. The most desirable buildings in the city are on Pryor street, and this property will soon be in demand as business property. It belongs to an estate, the heirs are of age, and I will sell it so as to divide. Go and examine the property and attend the sale on

Thursday, September 24th at 4 p. m. Terms: One-third cash, balance 1 and 2 years at 8 per cent interest.

G. W. ADAIR, 14 Wall St., Kimball House, Sep-18-20-22-23-24.

J. C. HENDRIX, LAWRENCE HARRISON, FOR SALE BY J. C. HENDRIX & CO.

Elegant home on Powers street. Also, one on Washington street. Fine vacant lot on Washington street. Also, one on Peachtree street. Also, one on Peachtree street. Also, one on Peachtree street. Also, one on Peachtree street.

Nice lots at \$30 per foot, Piedmont avenue. Boulevard, Jackson street, Highland lots cheap. Also, one on Peachtree street. 200 acres of land near Hapeville. Large house and lot on Wheat street, renting for \$50 per month, for \$5,000.

Nice little house on Wheat street, \$2,100. Two 3-room houses on Frasier street, \$2,000. 60x125, Highland avenue, \$1,800. 100x125, Windsor street, \$1,500. 40x150, Fortness avenue, \$750. 60x120, Boulevard and Alton. 60x120, Jackson and Rice. 60x120, Jackson and Rice. 60x120, Jackson. 60x120, Irwin.

FOR RENT. Large store and basement, Broad street. Large store and basement, Whitehall street. Large store and basement, Whitehall street. Several small houses. Also, 5-room house and five acres of land inside old city limits, \$12.50 per month.

We have customers wishing to buy \$100,000 worth of Atlanta rent-paying property. Also, a number of wish houses, ranging from \$2,500 to \$10,000. Call at our office and list your property with us if you want to sell. The hot season is over—we are all down to business.

J. C. Hendrix & Co. 31 S. BROAD STREET. Corner Pryor and Garnett Streets, G. W. ADAIR.

4 o'clock Thursday afternoon, 24th, two splendid pieces of property on Pryor street, to the highest bidder. Be sure and attend it. G. W. ADAIR.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE BY J. McLAUGHLIN & SON. ON TUESDAY, OCT. 6, 1891, on the premises, northwest corner Bryan and Abercorn streets, in the city of Savannah, Ga., at 12 o'clock.

I will sell the following personal property of the Estate of T. P. TOWNSEND, deceased: either entire or in parts, whichever way will most benefit said estate.

One Campbell Book Press. For fine illustrated and book work this press has no equal. One Gordon Press, 12x19; One Gordon Press, 12x19; One Gordon Press, 12x19. One Gas Engine (Otto, 2-horse); Hangings, Shaftings, Pulleys, Belting, etc.; One Sewing Machine, Singer's; One Sewing Machine, Singer's; One Sewing Machine, Singer's.

One Campbell Book Press. For fine illustrated and book work this press has no equal. One Gordon Press, 12x19; One Gordon Press, 12x19; One Gordon Press, 12x19. One Gas Engine (Otto, 2-horse); Hangings, Shaftings, Pulleys, Belting, etc.; One Sewing Machine, Singer's; One Sewing Machine, Singer's; One Sewing Machine, Singer's.

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## REAL ESTATE SALES.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO. ALBERT L. BEEK. Sam'l W. Goode & Co. REAL ESTATE.

LOAN BROKERS, Cor Peachtree & Marietta Sts.

We have for sale the choicest lots on the Boulevard, Highland avenue and Morris street. These, without exception, the most desirable, deuce lots in the city for the money. The best surroundings, transportation, streets and neighborhood. Very easy terms.

\$1,000 for high, level S. Boulevard lot 55x190 feet to 10-foot alley. Completely covered with heavy oak grove. Right at Grant park and immediately on the dumpy, soon to be changed to electric line. No cash and long time to party who will build good house; or will exchange for other property.

\$4,500 for central Powers and Simpson street lots 60x100 feet each. Belgian blocks, water, gas, sewer and electric cars. Plenty room for four houses in first-class neighborhood; easy terms. \$50 a front foot for Wilson avenue lots, running through to Center street, making two large lots. Very cheap.

Very desirable vacant property for exchange for residence on north side worth from \$4,500 to \$10,000 will pay part in cash. Call and see about this.

\$150 to \$200 each on easy payments for several lots on Grove, Hampton and Curran streets, near Emmett street, and convenient to Marietta street and electric cars. Good neighborhood. One of the few remaining vacant central corner lots can be bought at a low figure and properly improved; can be made to pay a handsome income on the investment; valuable improvements being made right at it. Call for price and location.

\$300 to \$500 each for a number of lots near Marietta street, convenient to Van Winkle's; 60x220 feet and 55x150 each. High and shady. Good neighborhood. Easy payments.

Samuel W. Goode & Co. J. A. SCOTT. SCOTT & LEBMAN. Real Estate and Renting Agents, NO. 20 PEACHTREE ST.

BARGAIN LIST. \$1,800 buys corner lot 108x50 with small house on Fort st. Very cheap. \$1,250 buys 6-room house, lot 50x145, on Kelly st. Only a few blocks from Fort st. Term, one-half cash, balance easy.

\$5,500 buys 11-room house, lot 55x140, on Hilliard street, near Peachtree. One-third cash, balance easy. We have some excellent lots in Inman Park for lots 60 feet front on Wilson ave. running back to Center st. very near Peachtree st. at only \$65 per front foot.

Also lots 50x200 on Wilson ave. near Peachtree st. at \$35 per front foot. Also lot corner at near Peachtree at only \$20 per front foot. \$100 per front foot for lots 65x197 on Peachtree st. between Wilson ave. and Center st. \$62.50 per front foot for excellent Juniper st. lots. \$200 corner at near Peachtree at only \$20 per front foot.

\$850 buys excellent lot, 4x125, to 10 ft. alley on Linden ave. just beyond Fort st. Term, one-half cash, balance easy. \$1,200 buys a 4-room house, corner lot, 60x102, on Linden ave. One-third cash, balance easy. We have a party who wants to buy a house and lot for \$1,500 cash. If you have anything like this to sell, we will buy it. \$1,400 cash, buys a lovely 4-room house, corner lot, 50x100 to alley, on Piedmont street, in western portion of city.

\$1,000 buys a cheap place on Powers street. SCOTT & LEBMAN, 20 Peachtree St.

G. W. Adair, Real Estate. I will sell at auction before the courthouse door on Thursday, October 6th, at 11 o'clock sharp, a beautiful shaded lot 55x274 feet, upon which is a well-built, 4-room cottage, on Bowden street, one block from Peachtree street.

This property is near the handsome residences of Captain R. O. Douglas, Colonel Alec King, Mr. H. C. Leonard and Captain F. M. Farley. Call for plat, go out and examine it and attend the sale.

Terms cash. G. W. ADAIR, 14 Wall Street, Kimball House, sept-24 on sep.

EDWARD PARSONS, Real Estate Broker, Mineral, Timber, County and City Lands For Sale.

I have entered on my books for sale upwards of \$900,000 of mineral, timber, country and city lands to select from. Any gentleman wishing to purchase or sell land I shall be pleased to do my best to suit him.

No. 117.—Plantation of 1,200 acres, adjoining the city of Houston, county; the mansion is in the city, and contains 10 rooms with every convenience for the family, situated in a beautiful grove. The plantation can be divided into five farms, one 6-room house with several cottages, barns and other buildings suitable to the plantation. A high table land of a superior quality for the growth of sugar cane, cotton, corn and stock. There is a never-failing stream of water running through the property. A beautiful pond can be made with but little expense; about 700 cleared, from 200 to 300 in pasture, the remaining in timber. It is situated in one of the most healthy parts of the state. This property has been in possession of the owner and is in a high state of cultivation, with every convenience; a number of good wells of water; there are good churches, schools in the city, and the society of Perry is very good; it is now offered for sale as a whole or to be divided into farms. Price, \$25,000; one-third cash, balance 1 and 2 years, with 5 per cent.

No. 119.—260 acres, second to no land in Cobb county, 6 miles from Marietta, Ga., 2 miles west of Smyrna, Ga. 100 acres of pine, 100 acres of oak, 1 farm house, 3 tenement houses, 3 wells, good water, 3 springs, 40 acres good bottom land, 700 cleared, 100 in pasture, 100 in timber; price \$30 per acre; one-third cash, balance 1 and 2 years, 5 per cent.

2 lots, 24, South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga. REAL ESTATE AND LOANS. Kimball House.

6 pretty Georgia ave. lots, \$1,000 each. 3 lots Glenn st., only \$500 each. Handsome Peachtree st. residence, near in, and so on. Call for particulars. House and lot, Crumley st. Beautiful shady lots, Piedmont ave.; cheap. Corner lot, Levee street, \$2,000. Cheapest business corner in city; only \$125 per front foot.

New home, Pryor st., \$2,000. House and lot, Center st., large lot, \$2,000. 60x184 feet, Center st.; very cheap. House and lot, Levee street, \$2,000. 100 feet square corner North ave. and Juniper st., \$2,000.

2 very cheap lots, Wilson ave., near Peachtree. Peachtree st. lots at almost any figure. 50x120 feet, Water street, \$500. Block of lots West Atlanta, near Van Winkle's, 150x225 feet, West Peachtree st., \$60 per front foot, \$2,000.

Nearly improved place, Inman Park, \$12,000. Choice property in Denver, Col., to exchange for Atlanta property. 8000-acre tract, well located and cheap. Call for particulars. J. C. HENDRIX & CO., 31 S. BROAD STREET.

7 o'clock Georgia ave. lots, \$1,000 each. 3 lots Glenn st., only \$500 each. Handsome Peachtree st. residence, near in, and so on. Call for particulars. House and lot, Crumley st. Beautiful shady lots, Piedmont ave.; cheap. Corner lot, Levee street, \$2,000. Cheapest business corner in city; only \$125 per front foot.

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## REAL ESTATE SALES.

Beautiful lots on Fryor street